



Wisconsin Room Tax Statute 66.0615

*Updated July 14, 2015 (WI. Act 55),
August 13, 2015 (Wi. Act 60), and March 30, 2016 (WI Act 301)
Also updated September 21, 2017 (WI. Act 59)*

66.0615 Room Tax; forfeitures

(1) In this section:

(a) "Commission" means an entity created by one municipality or by 2 or more municipalities in a zone, to coordinate tourism promotion and development for the zone.

(am) "District" has the meaning given in s. [229.41 \(4m\)](#).

(b) "Hotel" has the meaning given in s. [77.52 \(2\) \(a\) 1.](#)

(bs) "Lodging marketplace" means an entity that provides a platform through which an unaffiliated 3rd party offers to rent a short-term rental to an occupant and collects the consideration for the rental from the occupant.

(c) "Motel" has the meaning given in s. [77.52 \(2\) \(a\) 1.](#)

(d) "Municipality" means any city, village or town.

(de) "Occupant" means a person who rents a short-term rental through a lodging marketplace.

(df) "Owner" means the person who owns the residential dwelling that has been rented.

(di) "Residential dwelling" means any building, structure, or part of the building or structure, that is used or intended to be used as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by 2 or more persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others.

(dk) "Short-term rental" means a residential dwelling that is offered for rent for a fee and for fewer than 29 consecutive days.

(dm) "Sponsoring municipality" means a city, village or town that creates a district either separately or in combination with another city, village, town or county.

(e) "Tourism" means travel for recreational, business or educational purposes.

(f) "Tourism entity" means a nonprofit organization that came into existence before January 1, 2015, spends at least 51 percent of its revenues on tourism promotion and tourism development, and provides destination marketing staff and services for the tourism industry in a municipality, except that if no such organization exists, a municipality may contract with one of the following entities:

1. A nonprofit organization that spends at least 51 percent of its revenues on tourism promotion and tourism development, and provides destination marketing staff and services for the tourism industry in a municipality.

2. A nonprofit organization that was incorporated before January 1, 2015, spends 100 percent of the room tax revenue it receives from a municipality on tourism promotion and tourism development, and provides destination marketing staff and services for the tourism industry in a municipality.

(fm) "Tourism promotion and tourism development" means any of the following that are significantly used by transient tourists and reasonably likely to generate paid overnight stays at more than one establishment on which a tax under sub. [\(1m\) \(a\)](#) may be imposed, that are owned by different persons and located within a municipality in which a tax under this section is in effect; or, if the municipality has only one such establishment, reasonably likely to generate paid overnight stays in that establishment:

1. Marketing projects, including advertising media buys, creation and distribution of printed or electronic promotional tourist materials, or efforts to recruit conventions, sporting events, or motorcoach groups.

2. Transient tourist informational services.

3. Tangible municipal development, including a convention center.

(g) "Transient" has the meaning given in s. [77.52 \(2\) \(a\) 1.](#)

(h) "Zone" means an area made up of 2 or more municipalities that, those municipalities agree, is a single destination as perceived by the traveling public.

(1m)

(a) The governing body of a municipality may enact an ordinance, and a district, under par. (e), may adopt a resolution, imposing a tax on the privilege of furnishing, at retail, except sales for resale, rooms or lodging to transients by hotelkeepers, motel operators, lodging marketplaces, owners of short-term rentals, and other persons furnishing accommodations that are available to the public, irrespective of whether membership is required for use of the accommodations. A tax imposed under this paragraph may be collected from the consumer or user, but may not be imposed on sales to the federal government and persons listed under s. [77.54 \(9a\)](#). A tax imposed under this paragraph by a municipality shall be paid to the municipality and, with regard to any tax revenue that may not be retained by the municipality, shall be forwarded to a tourism entity or a commission if one is created under par. (c), as provided in par. (d). Except as provided in par. (am), a tax imposed under this paragraph by a municipality may not exceed 8%. Except as provided in par. (am), if a tax greater than 8% under this paragraph is in effect on May 13, 1994, the municipality imposing the tax shall reduce the tax to 8%, effective on June 1, 1994.

(am) A municipality that imposes a room tax under par. (a) is not subject to the limit on the maximum amount of tax that may be imposed under that paragraph if any of the following apply:

1. The municipality is located in a county with a population of at least 380,000 and a convention center is being constructed or renovated within that county.
2. The municipality intends to use at least 60% of the revenue collected from its room tax, of any room tax that is greater than 7%, to fund all or part of the construction or renovation of a convention center that is located in a county with a population of at least 380,000.
3. The municipality is located in a county with a population of less than 380,000 and that county is not adjacent to a county with a population of at least 380,000, and the municipality is constructing a convention center or making improvements to an existing convention center.
4. The municipality has any long-term debt outstanding with which it financed any part of the construction or renovation of a convention center.

(b)

1. If a single municipality imposes a room tax under par. (a), the municipality may create a commission under par. (c). The commission shall contract with another organization to perform the functions of a tourism entity if no tourism entity exists in that municipality.
2. If 2 or more municipalities in a zone impose a room tax under par. (a), the municipalities shall enter into a contract under s. [66.0301](#) to create a commission under par. (c). If no tourism entity exists in any of the municipalities in the zone that have formed a commission, the commission shall contract with another organization in the zone to perform the functions of the tourism entity. Each municipality in a single zone that imposes a room tax shall levy the same percentage of tax. If the municipalities are unable to agree on the percentage of tax for the zone, the commission shall set the percentage.
3. A commission shall monitor the collection of room taxes from each municipality in a zone that has a room tax.
4. A commission shall contract with one tourism entity from the municipalities in the zone to obtain staff, support services and assistance in developing and implementing programs to promote the zone to visitors.

(c)

1. If a commission is created by a single municipality, the commission shall consist of 4 to 6 members. One of the commission members shall represent the Wisconsin hotel and motel industry. Members shall be appointed under subd. [3.](#)
- 2.

- a. If the commission is created by more than one municipality in a zone, the commission shall consist of 3 members from each municipality in which annual tax collections exceed \$1,000,000, 2 members from each municipality in which annual tax collections exceed \$300,000 but are not more than \$1,000,000 and one member from each municipality in which annual tax collections are \$300,000 or less. Except as provided in subd. [2. b.](#), members shall be appointed under subd. [3.](#)
- b. Two additional members, who represent the Wisconsin hotel and motel industry, shall be appointed to the commission by the chairperson of the commission, shall serve for a one-year term at the pleasure of the chairperson and may be reappointed.
3. Members of the commission shall be appointed by the principal elected official in the municipality and shall be confirmed by a majority vote of the members of the municipality's governing body who are present when the vote is taken. Commissioners shall serve for a one-year term, at the pleasure of the appointing official, and may be reappointed.
4. The commission shall meet regularly, and, from among its members, it shall elect a chairperson, vice chairperson and secretary.
5. The commission shall report any delinquencies or inaccurate reporting to the municipality that is due the tax.

(d)

1. A municipality that first imposes a room tax under par. [\(a\)](#) after May 13, 1994, shall spend at least 70% of the amount collected on tourism promotion and tourism development. Any amount of room tax collected that must be spent on tourism promotion and tourism development shall either be forwarded to the commission for its municipality or zone if the municipality has created a commission, or forwarded to a tourism entity.
2. Subject to par. (dm), if a municipality collects a room tax on May 13, 1994, it may retain not more than the same percentage of the room tax that it retains on May 13, 1994. If a municipality that collects a room tax on May 1, 1994, increases its room tax after May 1, 1994, the municipality may retain not more than the same percentage of the room tax that it retains on May 1, 1994, except that if the municipality is not exempt under par. [\(am\)](#) from the maximum tax that may be imposed under par. [\(a\)](#), the municipality shall spend at least 70% of the increased amount of room tax that it begins collecting after May 1, 1994, on tourism promotion and development. Any amount of room tax collected that must be spent on tourism promotion and tourism development shall either be forwarded to the commission for its municipality or zone if the municipality has created a commission or forwarded to a tourism entity.
3. A commission shall use the room tax revenue that it receives from a municipality for tourism promotion and tourism development in the zone or in the municipality.
4. The commission shall report annually to each municipality from which it receives room tax revenue the purposes for which the revenues were spent.
5. The commission may not use any of the room tax revenue to construct or develop a lodging facility.
6. If a municipality issued debt or bond anticipation notes before January 1, 2005, to finance the construction of a municipally owned convention center or conference center, nothing in this section may prevent the municipality from meeting all of the terms of its obligation.
7. Notwithstanding the provisions of subds. [1.](#) and [2.](#), any amount of room tax revenue that a municipality described under s. [77.994 \(3\)](#) is required to spend on tourism promotion and tourism development shall be forwarded to, and spent by, the municipality's tourism entity, unless the municipality creates a commission and forwards the revenue to the commission.
8. The governing body of a tourism entity shall include either at least one owner or operator of a lodging facility that collects the room tax described in this section and that is located in the municipality for which the room tax is collected or at least 4 owners or operators of lodging facilities that collect the room tax described in this section and that are located in the zone for which the room tax is collected. Subdivision 4., as it applies to a commission, applies to a tourism entity.

(dm)

Beginning with the room tax collected on January 1, 2017, by a municipality that collected a room tax on May 13, 1994, as described in par. (d) 2., and retained more than 30 percent of the room tax collected for purposes other than tourism promotion and tourism development, such a municipality may continue to retain, each year, the greater amount of either 30 percent of its current year revenues or one of the following amounts:

1. For fiscal year 2017, the same dollar amount of the room tax retained as the municipality retained in its 2014 fiscal year.
2. For fiscal year 2018, the same dollar amount of the room tax retained as the municipality retained in its 2013 fiscal year.
3. For fiscal year 2019, the same dollar amount of the room tax retained as the municipality retained in its 2012 fiscal year.
4. For fiscal year 2020, the same dollar amount of the room tax retained as the municipality retained in its 2011 fiscal year.
5. For fiscal year 2021 and thereafter, the same dollar amount of the room tax retained as the municipality retained in its 2010 fiscal year.

(e)

1. Subject to subd. [2.](#), a district may adopt a resolution imposing a room tax under par. [\(a\)](#) in an amount not to exceed 3% of total room charges. A majority of the authorized members of the district's board may vote that, if the balance in a special debt service reserve fund of the district is less than the requirement under s. [229.50 \(5\)](#), the room tax imposed by the district under this subdivision is 3% of total room charges beginning on the next January 1, April 1, July 1 or October 1 after the payment and this tax is irrevocable if any bonds issued by the district and secured by the special debt service reserve fund are outstanding. A room tax imposed by a district under this subdivision applies within the district's jurisdiction, as specified in s. [229.43](#), and the proceeds of the tax may be used only for the district's debt service on its bond obligations. If a district stops imposing and collecting a room tax, the district's sponsoring municipality may impose and collect a room tax under par. [\(a\)](#) on the date on which the district stops imposing and collecting its room tax.
2. In addition to the room tax that a district may impose under subd. [1.](#), if the district's only sponsoring municipality is a 1st class city, the district may adopt a resolution imposing an additional room tax. The additional percentage of room tax under this subdivision shall be equal to the percentage of room tax imposed by the sponsoring municipality on the date on which the sponsoring municipality agrees to stop imposing and collecting its room tax, as described under s. [229.44 \(15\)](#). A district shall begin collecting the additional room tax imposed under this subdivision on the date on which the sponsoring municipality stops imposing and collecting its room tax. A room tax imposed by a district under this subdivision applies only within the borders of the sponsoring municipality and may be used for any lawful purpose of the district.
3. A district adopting a resolution to impose the taxes under subd. [1.](#) or [2.](#) shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution to the secretary of revenue at least 120 days before its effective date.

(f)

1. The department of revenue shall administer the tax that is imposed under par. [\(a\)](#) by a district and may take any action, conduct any proceeding and impose interest and penalties.
2. Sections [77.51 \(12m\)](#), [\(14\)](#), [\(14g\)](#), [\(15a\)](#), and [\(15b\)](#), [77.52 \(3\)](#), [\(13\)](#), [\(14\)](#), [\(18\)](#), and [\(19\)](#), [77.522](#), [77.58 \(1\) to \(5\)](#), [\(6m\)](#), and [\(7\)](#), [77.585](#), [77.59](#), [77.60](#), [77.61 \(2\)](#), [\(3m\)](#), [\(5\)](#), [\(8\)](#), [\(9\)](#), [\(12\) to \(15\)](#), and [\(19m\)](#), and [77.62](#), as they apply to the taxes under subch. [III of ch. 77](#), apply to the tax described under subd. [1.](#)
3. From the appropriation under s. [20.835 \(4\) \(gg\)](#), the department of revenue shall distribute 97.45% of the taxes collected under this paragraph for each district to that district and shall indicate to the district the taxes reported by each taxpayer in that district, no later than the end of the month following the end of the calendar quarter in which the amounts were

collected. The taxes distributed shall be increased or decreased to reflect subsequent refunds, audit adjustments and all other adjustments. Interest paid on refunds of the tax under this paragraph shall be paid from the appropriation under s. [20.835 \(4\) \(gg\)](#) at the rate under s. [77.60 \(1\) \(a\)](#). Any district that receives a report along with a payment under this subdivision or subd. [2](#) is subject to the duties of confidentiality to which the department of revenue is subject under s. [77.61 \(5\)](#).

5. Persons who are subject to the tax under this subsection, if that tax is administered by the department of revenue, shall register with the department. Any person who is required to register, including any person authorized to act on behalf of a person who is required to register, who fails to do so is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(2) As a means of enforcing the collection of any room tax imposed by a municipality or a district under sub. [\(1m\)](#), the municipality or district may exchange audit and other information with the department of revenue and may do any of the following:

(a) If a municipality or district has probable cause to believe that the correct amount of room tax has not been assessed or that the tax return is not correct, inspect and audit the financial records of any person subject to sub. [\(1m\)](#) pertaining to the furnishing of accommodations to determine whether the correct amount of room tax is assessed and whether any room tax return is correct.

(b) Enact a schedule of forfeitures, not to exceed 5% of the tax under sub. [\(1m\)](#) or par. [\(c\)](#), to be imposed on any person subject to sub. [\(1m\)](#) who fails to comply with a request to inspect and audit the person's financial records under par. [\(a\)](#).

(c) Determine the tax under sub. [\(1m\)](#) according to its best judgment if a person required to make a return fails, neglects or refuses to do so for the amount, in the manner and form and within the time prescribed by the municipality or district.

(d) Require each person who is subject to par. [\(c\)](#) to pay an amount of taxes that the municipality or district determines to be due under par. [\(c\)](#) plus interest at the rate of 1% per month on the unpaid balance. No refund or modification of the payment determined may be granted until the person files a correct room tax return and permits the municipality or district to inspect and audit his or her financial records under par. [\(a\)](#).

(e) Enact a schedule of forfeitures, not to exceed 25% of the room tax due for the previous year under sub. [\(1m\)](#) or par. [\(c\)](#) or \$5,000, whichever is less, to be imposed for failure to pay the tax under sub. [\(1m\)](#).

(3) The municipality shall provide by ordinance and the district shall provide by resolution for the confidentiality of information obtained under sub. [\(2\)](#) but shall provide exceptions for persons using the information in the discharge of duties imposed by law or of the duties of their office or by order of a court. The municipality or district may provide for the publishing of statistics classified so as not to disclose the identity of particular returns. The municipality or district shall provide that persons violating ordinances or resolutions enacted under this subsection may be required to forfeit not less than \$100 nor more than \$500.

(4) (a) Annually, on or before May 1, on a form created and provided by the department of revenue, every municipality that imposes a tax under sub. [\(1m\)](#) shall certify and report to the department, beginning in 2017, all of the following:

1. The amount of room tax revenue collected, and the room tax rate imposed, by the municipality in the previous year.

2. A detailed accounting of the amounts of such revenue that were forwarded in the previous year for tourism promotion and tourism development, specifying the commission or tourism entity that received the revenue. The detailed accounting shall include expenditures of at least \$1,000 made by a commission or a tourism entity.

3. A list of each member of the commission and each member of the governing body of a tourism entity to which the municipality forwarded room tax revenue in the previous year, and the name of the business entity the member owns, operates, or is employed by, if any.

- (b) The department of revenue shall collect the reports described in par. (a) and shall make them available to the public.
 - (c) The department of revenue may impose a penalty of not more than \$3,000 on a municipality that does not submit to the department the reports described in par. (a). A municipality may not use room tax revenue to pay a penalty imposed under this paragraph. The penalty shall be paid to the department of revenue.
- (5) (a) A lodging marketplace shall register with the department of revenue, on forms prepared by the department, for a license to collect taxes imposed by the state related to a short-term rental and to collect room taxes imposed by a municipality. After a lodging marketplace applies for and receives such a license, it shall do all of the following:
- 1. If a short-term rental is rented through the lodging marketplace, collect sales and use taxes from the occupant and forward such amounts to the department of revenue.
 - 2. If a short-term rental that is rented through the lodging marketplace is located in a municipality that imposes a room tax, collect the room tax from the occupant and forward it to the municipality.
 - 3. Notify the owner of a short-term rental that the lodging marketplace has collected and forwarded the taxes described in subds. 1. and 2.
- (b) A municipality may not impose and collect a room tax from the owner of a short-term rental if the municipality collects the room tax on the residential dwelling under par. (a) 2.

ADDITIONAL NON-STATUTORY LANGUAGE PASSED IN WISCONSIN ACT 55 RELATING TO ROOM TAX REQUIREMENTS:

SECTION 9129. Nonstatutory provisions; Local Government.

(3f) LOCAL ROOM TAX. With regard to a municipality which collects a room tax on May 13, 1994, with the form that the municipality submits to the department of revenue on or before May 1, 2017, as described under section 66.0615 (4) (a) of the statutes, the municipality shall also include a copy of its room tax ordinance that was in effect on May 13, 1994. In addition, the municipality shall also include with the form a copy of the municipality's financial statement that was completed nearest in time to May 13, 1994, and that shows the percentage of room tax revenue that the municipality retained for its own purposes other than purposes related to tourism promotion and development.

Page 641- 2015 Wi. Act 55

Section 9329. Initial applicability; Local Government.

(3f) LOCAL ROOM TAX. The treatment of section 66.0615 (1m) (a), (d) 1. and 2., and (dm) of the statutes first applies to taxes collected and expenditures made on January 1, 2017.

Page 654 – 2015 WI. Act 55

Section 9331. Initial applicability; Local Government.

(5t) ROOM TAX. The treatment of section 66.0615 (1m) (a) and (5) of the statutes first applies to a lodging marketplace that registers with the department of revenue on the effective date of this subsection.

Page 392-393 – 2017 WI. Act 59

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For further Wisconsin Room Tax resources visit www.WisconsinLodging.org/roomtax
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